

4 Chapter Review



Review Key Vocabulary

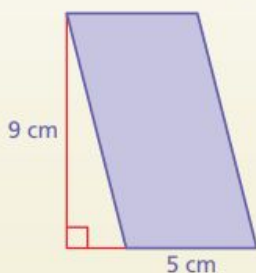
polygon, p. 152

composite figure, p. 172

Review Examples and Exercises

4.1 Areas of Parallelograms (pp. 152–157)

Find the area of the parallelogram.



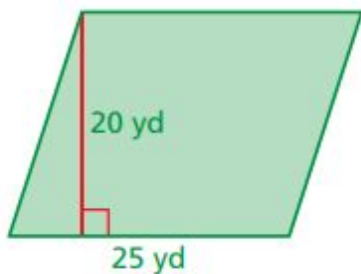
$$\begin{aligned} A &= bh && \text{Write formula.} \\ &= 5(9) && \text{Substitute 5 for } b \text{ and 9 for } h. \\ &= 45 && \text{Multiply.} \end{aligned}$$

⋮ The area of the parallelogram is 45 square centimeters.

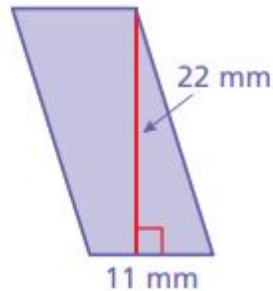
Exercises

Find the area of the parallelogram.

1.



2.



4.2 Areas of Triangles (pp. 158–163)

Find the area of the triangle.

$$A = \frac{1}{2}bh$$

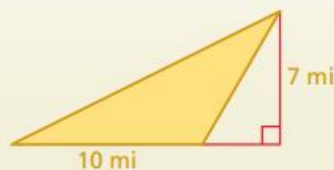
Write formula.

$$= \frac{1}{2}(10)(7)$$

Substitute.

$$= 35$$

Multiply.

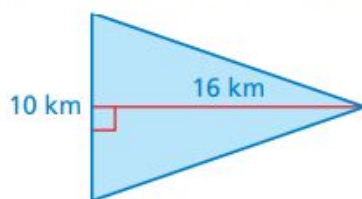


❖ The area of the triangle is 35 square miles.

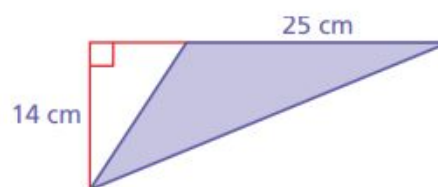
Exercises

Find the area of the triangle.

3.



4.



4.3 Areas of Trapezoids (pp. 166–173)

Find the area of the trapezoid.

$$A = \frac{1}{2}h(b_1 + b_2)$$

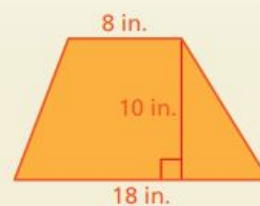
Write formula.

$$= \frac{1}{2}(10)(8 + 18)$$

Substitute.

$$= \frac{1}{2}(10)(26) = 130$$

Multiply.

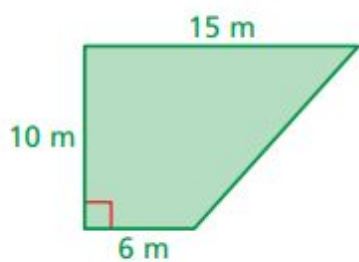


❖ The area of the trapezoid is 130 square inches.

Exercises

Find the area of the trapezoid.

5.

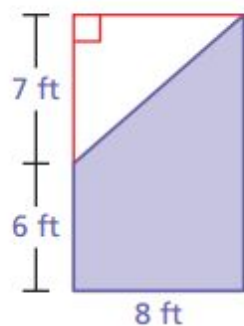


6.

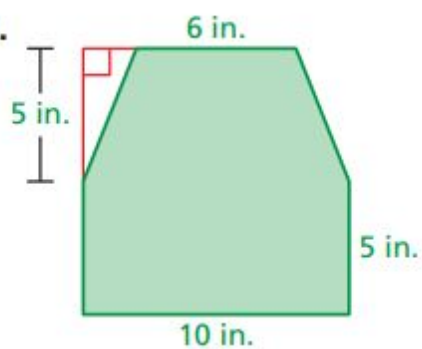


Find the area of the figure.

8.



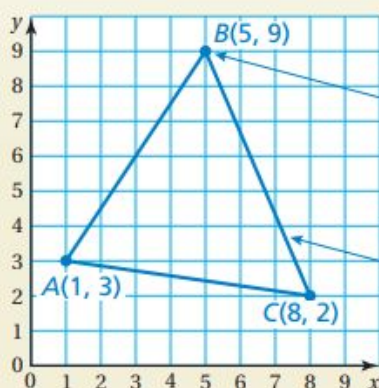
10.



4.4

Polygons in the Coordinate Plane (pp. 174–179)

- a. The vertices of a triangle are $A(1, 3)$, $B(5, 9)$, and $C(8, 2)$. Draw the triangle in a coordinate plane.



Plot and label the vertices.

Connect the points to form the triangle.

- b. The vertices of a rectangle are $F(2, 6)$, $G(8, 6)$, $H(8, 1)$, and $J(2, 1)$. Draw the rectangle in a coordinate plane and find its perimeter.

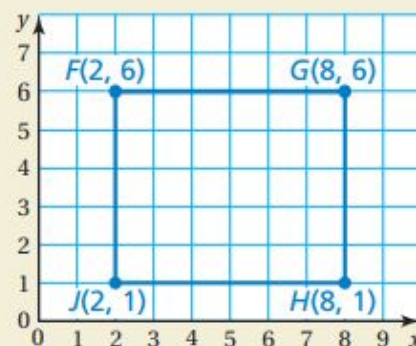
Draw the rectangle and use the vertices to find its dimensions.

The length is the horizontal distance between $F(2, 6)$ and $G(8, 6)$, which is the difference of the **x-coordinates**.

$$\text{length} = 8 - 2 = 6 \text{ units}$$

The width is the vertical distance between $G(8, 6)$ and $H(8, 1)$, which is the difference of the **y-coordinates**.

$$\text{width} = 6 - 1 = 5 \text{ units}$$



So, the perimeter of the rectangle is $2(6) + 2(5) = 22$ units.

Exercises

Draw the polygon with the given vertices in a coordinate plane.

Do these on your grid. Label them 11 and 14.

11. $A(3, 2), B(4, 7), C(6, 0)$

14. $K\left(3, 3\frac{1}{2}\right), L(5, 7), M(8, 7), N\left(6, 3\frac{1}{2}\right)$

Find the perimeter and the area of the polygon with the given vertices.

15. $P(4, 3), Q(4, 7), R(9, 7), S(9, 3)$

Perimeter: _____ Area: _____

17. $W(11, 2), X(11, 8), Y(14, 8), Z(14, 2)$

Perimeter: _____ Area: _____

